**Практическая работа № 27**

**Путешествие на самолете**

**Глоссарий**

Be duty - free без пошлины

Be liable to duty подлежать обложению пошлины

Boarding pass / boarding card посадочный талон

captain командир

Check - in place место регистрации

Checking time limit время окончания регистрации

Customs hall таможенный зал

Customs officer офицер таможенной службы

Departure lounge / holding room зал ожидания вылета

Excess luggage багаж сверх нормы

flight полёт

motor coach автобус, везущий пассажиров к самолёту

non-stop flight беспосадочный полёт

On board a plane на борту самолёта

passport паспорт

pilot's cabin кабина пилота

smooth flight спокойный полёт

to announce (to call) a flight объявить рейс

to pass through customs пройти таможню

to get (to be) airsick страдать воздушной болезнью

to be off отправиться,взлететь

to land приземлиться

**Задание 1.** Прочитайте, переведите текст и ответьте на вопросы.

**TRAVELLING BY PLANE**

No wonder that one of the latest means of travelling is travelling by plane. Nowadays people mostly travel by air. It combines both comfort and speed and you will reach the place of destination very quickly. No doubt, travelling by air is the most convenient and comfortable means of travelling. But if you are airsick the flight may seem not so nice to you. Unfortunately sometimes the flight are delayed because of unfavourable weather conditions, and one more inconvenience is jet-lag.

Before boarding the plane you must check in at the airport. Passengers are requested to arrive at the airport one hour before departure time on international flights and half an hour on domestic flights. You must register your tickets, weigh in and register the luggage. The economy class limitation is 20 kg. First-class passengers are allowed 30 kg. Excess luggage must be paid for. Passengers are permitted, to take only some personal belongings with them into the cabin. These items include handbags, brief-cases or attaché cases, umbrellas, coats and souvenirs bought at the tax-free shops at the airport. Each passenger is given a boarding pass to be shown at the departure gate again to the stewardess when boarding the plane. Before the plane takes off the stewardess gives you all the information about the flight, the speed and altitude. She asks you to fasten the belts and not to smoke. She will take care of you during the flight and will help you to get comfortable in your seat. Inside the cabins the air is always fresh and warm. The captain will welcome you on board, tell you all about the flight and the interesting places you are flying over. During the flight you can take a nap or have a chat, you can read and relax. In some planes you can watch video or listen to the music. When the plane is landing or taking off you have an opportunity to enjoy the wonderful scenery and landscapes. While travelling by plane you fly past various villages and cities at the sight of which realize how majestic and tremendous our planet is. Do not forget your personal belongings when leaving the plane.

Landing formalities and customs regulation are about the same in all countries. While still on the board the plane the passenger is given an arrival card to fill in, he fills in (in block letters) his name in full, country of residence, permanent address, purpose and length of visit; and address in the country he is visiting. After the passenger has disembarked, officials will examine (check) his passport and visa (to see if they are in order). In some countries they will check the passenger’s certificate of vaccination. When these formalities have been completed the passenger goes to the Customs for an examination of his luggage. The passenger is required to fill in a customs declaration form. He must list all dutiable articles. Personal belongings may be brought in duty-free. Here is a partial list of prohibited articles: firearms, drugs, in some countries – meat products, fresh fruit and vegetables. The Customs inspector may ask you to open your bags for inspection. After you are through with all customs formalities he will put stamp on each piece of luggage.

**QUESTIONS**1. Why do people mostly travel by air nowadays?

2. Why may the flight seem not so nice to you?

3. What are other inconveniences of flying?

4. When are passengers requested to arrive at the airport?

5. What the luggage limitation?

6. What must passengers do in case they have some excess luggage?

7. What are passengers permitted to take with them into the cabin?

8. When is a boarding pass to be shown?

9. What do stewardesses do during the flight?

10. What can you do during the flight?

11. What opportunities do passengers have when the plane is landing or taking off?

12. What the passengers given to fill in while still on board the plane?

13. What are the formalities to be completed after the passenger has disembarked?

14. What must you list in your customs declaration?

15. What are prohibited articles?

16. What will the Customs inspector do after you are through with all customs formalities?

**Задание 2. Заполните таблицу:** 1 столбик- преимущества и недостатки путешествия самолетом, 2 столбик- преимущества и недостатки путешествия на поезде.

**Задание 3.** Скажите по-английски:

1. пожалуйста, один бизнес-класс билет до Москвы; рейс 125. 2. пожалуйста, один билет- первого класса до Новосибирска. 3. пожалуйста, три билета туристического класса до Стамбула, туда и обратно. 4. пожалуйста, один открытый билет до Торонто. 5. по каким дням летают самолеты на Москву? 6. когда следующий рейс на Москву? 7. этот рейс прямой? 8. какая продолжительность полета? 9. когда самолет прибывает в Москву? 10. когда (где) регистрация? 11. вот мой билет (паспорт, багаж). 12. я могу взять эту сумку в салон? 13. у меня лишний вес? 14. сколько мне платить за лишний вес? 15. мне плохо. Принесите, пожалуйста, гигиенический пакет. 16. самолет опаздывает? 17. когда мы должны приземлиться? 18. покажите, пожалуйста, мне мое место. 19. где можно получить багаж? 20. какой автобус идет до аэропорта?

**Практическая работа № 25**

**Тема: Специфика работы по специальности.**

**Цель:** Формировать навыки устной речи на основе прочитанных специализированных текстов, развивать навыки самостоятельной работы, уметь участвовать в коллективной познавательной деятельности, уметь обобщать и анализировать информацию. Введение технических лексических единиц по специальности.

**Теоретический материал: глоссарий**

1)      to be established – быть основанным (быть созданным)

2)      highly qualified – высококвалифицированный

3)      maintenance – эксплуатация

4)      equipment - оборудование

5)      enterprise – предприятие

6)      technician – техник

7)      technical service – техническое обслуживание

8)      plant – завод

9)      important – важный

10)  necessary – необходимый

11)  malfunctions – неполадки, неисправности

12)  installation – монтаж

13)  repair – ремонт

14)  adjustment – регулировка

15) power supply- электроснабжение

16) substation- подстанция

17) electrician- электромонтёр

**Контрольные вопросы:**

**Задание 1.** Прочитайте и переведите текст

**My speciality.**

I study at the Tyumen College of production and social technologies. It was established on 30th September, 2019.

Tyumen College of production and social technologies is headed by the Director. Education at our College is full-time. The College has a highly qualified teaching staff. Tyumen College of production and social technologies trains students in several specializations and professions. Here they can learn skills, which fit them for a better career in future. An educated person contributes more to the society and education gives a person the prospect for professional advance.

The academic year lasts for ten months. At the College, the students study two terms a year. At the end of each term, they take tests and exams. While studying the students have general subjects and special disciplines, which are important and necessary for their future profession. Our students have a chance to become highly qualified specialists.

Our College is situated in three buildings in different parts of Tyumen. The main building is in Lunacharskiy Street, 19 and it includes some lecture halls, director’s office, the library, special Electricity, Forestry, Woodworking laboratories, the Conference Hall and others. There are two hostels and a stadium in the Tyumen College of production and social technologies.

I am a final-year student of the Tyumen College of production and social technologies. I study full-time. My speciality is Installation and maintenance of refrigerating units. I am a future technician. We study many subjects, which are interesting and necessary for our future speciality.

Actually, a technician should provide technical service and reliable maintenance of different types of refrigerating equipment. Specialists are engaged in the adjustment of refrigerating units. A technician should maintain the operation of compressors, pumps and condensers. Specialists determine malfunctions of refrigerating units and perform various types of locksmith, electrical installation and mechanical works during repair, check the temperature and humidity mode. In case of faulty refrigerating equipment, the specialist shall take appropriate measures to prevent accidents.

While studying the students of our department have their practical work at production, trading and catering enterprises of our region.

Nowadays technicians are in great demand in chemical and food industries, in agriculture and fish farming. A technician has a chance to use his deep knowledge working at different plants and enterprises of our region.

     The work of a technician is difficult but at the same time is important and useful. I think I like my future speciality and find it to be very interesting and necessary.

**Задание 2.** Ответьте на следующие вопросы.

1)  Where do you study?

2)  When was your College founded?

3)  What year-student are you?

4) Where is the main building of your College?

5) What does the main building include?

6)  What is the main task of a technician?

7) What are specialists engaged in?

8) What should a technician maintain?

9) What shall the specialist do in case of faulty refrigerating equipment?

10) Where do the students of your department have practical work?

11) How do you find your future speciality?

12) Do you like your future speciality? Why?

**Задание 3.** Дайте русские эквиваленты фразам.

1) an educated person

2) highly qualified specialists

3) technical service and maintenance of trade equipment

4) general subjects and special disciplines

5) a future technician

6) a chance to use his deep knowledge

7) take tests and exams

**Задание**4. Вставьтепропущенныеслова, пользуясьтекстом

1) While studying the students have … and special … , which are important and necessary for their future profession.

2) The academic year lasts for …  months.

3) I study at the Tyumen College of …  and …  technologies.

4) Actually, a technician should provide … and …  of different types of equipment.

5) The work of …  is difficult but at the same time is … and useful.

6) Here they can … , which fit them for a better career in future.

7) Our College … in three buildings in different parts of Tyumen.

**Практическая работа № 54**

**Раздел 2. Профессионально-ориентированное содержание**

**Тема 2.3 Современные компьютерные технологии в промышленности**

**Цель:** совершенствовать умение выполнять упражнения, пользуясь необходимым грамматическим и лексическим материалом.

**Выполните упражнения.**

**1. Выпишите в 3 столбика слова, с которыми сочетаются глаголы to do, to go, to play.**

Cycling, aerobics, badminton, dancing, baseball, archery, fishing, athletics, basketball, chess, ballet, yoga, judo, cricket, jogging, football, skiing, gymnastics, darts, snooker, skating, taekwondo, squash, volleyball, swimming

**2. Соотнесите начало предложения с его окончанием.**

1. Great Britain occupies a) shipbuilding

2. The United Kingdom is made up b) some people speak Scotish, Welsh and Irish

3. The population of the country is c) the symbol of England

4. The climate is d) the territory of the British Isles

5. Great Britain is known as e) over 57 million people

6. The main important industry is f) a rainy and foggy country

7. The official head of the state is g) mild, humid and changeable

8. The Prime Minister chooses h) about twenty MP’s of his party to become Cabinet

9. English is the official language but i) of four countries

10. Rose is j) the queen

**3. выберите правильный ответ.**

1. Jack has got a headache. He … sleep well recently.   
a) can’t b) couldn’t have c) hasn’t been able to   
2. I … sleep for hours when I was a little girls.   
a) could b) am able to c) can   
3. Tom … play tennis well but he … play a game yesterday because he was ill.   
a) couldn’t, could b) can, was able c) can, couldn’t

4. I didn’t want to be late for the meeting. We … meet at 5 sharp.   
a) were to b) had to c) could   
5. Where are my gloves? — I … put them on because it’s cold today.   
a) can’t b) have to  c) needn’t   
6. You … take an umbrella today. The Sun is shining.   
a) needn’t  b) mustn’t c) can’t   
7. I’m sorry, you didn’t invite me to your birthday party. You … invite me next time.   
a) must  b) should c) need to   
8. Well, it’s 10 o’clock. I … go now.   
a) can b) has to c) must